LO: To multiply decimals by an integer.

## Route Product Investigation

Look at this diagram. There are lots of different routes to get from $A$ to $B$. When you travel down a route, you multiply the numbers together to find the product. The only rule is that you are not allowed to travel through the same point more than once between $A$ and $B$.


Find all the possible products to enable you to answer these two questions:
Which route or routes gives the largest product?
Which route or routes gives the smallest product?

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\(5 \times 0.1=0.5\)
\(5 \times 2 \times 0.5=5 \quad\) This is the largest product.
\(5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 0.1=2\)
\(5 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 1 \times 0.1=0.5\)
\(3 \times 2 \times 0.1=0.6\)
\(3 \times 0.5=1.5\)
\(3 \times 2 \times 0.1=0.6\)
\(3 \times 0.5 \times 1 \times 0.1=0.15\) This is the smallest product.
\(4 \times 1 \times 0.1=0.4\)
\(4 \times 1 \times 2 \times 0.5=4\)
\(4 \times 1 \times 2 \times 2 \times 0.1=1.6\)
\(4 \times 0.5 \times 2 \times 0.1=0.4\)
\(4 \times 0.5 \times 0.5=1\)
\(4 \times 0.5 \times 2 \times 0.1=0.4\)
```

There are 14 routes.

## Extension Task



If $B$ is moved to a new location, does that change the number of possible routes and the largest and smallest products?
$5 \times 0.1 \times 0.1=0.05$
$5 \times 0.1 \times 0.5 \times 2=0.5$
$5 \times 0.1 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 1=0.125$
$5 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 0.1=0.5$
$5 \times 2 \times 2=20 \quad$ This is the largest product this time.
$5 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 1=5$
$3 \times 2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1=0.06$
$3 \times 0.5 \times 0.1=0.15$
$3 \times 2=6$
$3 \times 0.5 \times 1=1.5$
$4 \times 1=4$
$4 \times 0.5 \times 2=4$
$4 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.1=0.1$
$4 \times 0.5 \times 2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1=0.04$ This is the smallest product this time.
There are still 14 routes.

