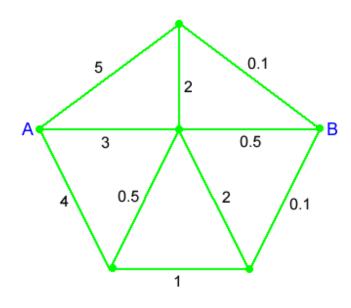
LO: To multiply decimals by an integer.

## **Route Product Investigation**

Look at this diagram. There are lots of different routes to get from A to B. When you travel down a route, you multiply the numbers together to find the product. The only rule is that you are not allowed to travel through the same point more than once between A and B.



Find all the possible products to enable you to answer these two questions:

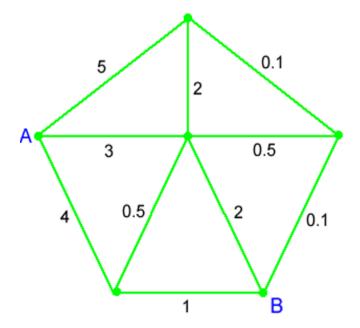
Which route or routes gives the largest product?

Which route or routes gives the smallest product?

```
5 \times 0.1 = 0.5
5 \times 2 \times 0.5 = 5
                               This is the largest product.
5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 2
5 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 1 \times 0.1 = 0.5
3 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 0.6
3 \times 0.5 = 1.5
3 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 0.6
3 \times 0.5 \times 1 \times 0.1 = 0.15
                                          This is the smallest product.
4 \times 1 \times 0.1 = 0.4
4 \times 1 \times 2 \times 0.5 = 4
4 \times 1 \times 2 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 1.6
4 \times 0.5 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 0.4
4 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 = 1
4 \times 0.5 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 0.4
```

There are 14 routes.

## **Extension Task**



If B is moved to a new location, does that change the number of possible routes and the largest and smallest products?

$$5 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 = 0.05$$

$$5 \times 0.1 \times 0.5 \times 2 = 0.5$$

$$5 \times 0.1 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 1 = 0.125$$

$$5 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 0.1 = 0.5$$

$$5 \times 2 \times 2 = 20$$

$$5 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$3 \times 2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 = 0.06$$

$$3 \times 0.5 \times 0.1 = 0.15$$

$$3 \times 2 = 6$$

$$3 \times 0.5 \times 1 = 1.5$$

$$4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$4 \times 0.5 \times 2 = 4$$

$$4 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.1 = 0.1$$

$$4 \times 0.5 \times 2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 = 0.04$$

This is the smallest product this time.

This is the largest product this time.

There are still 14 routes.